# **Buzzards Bay Coalition**

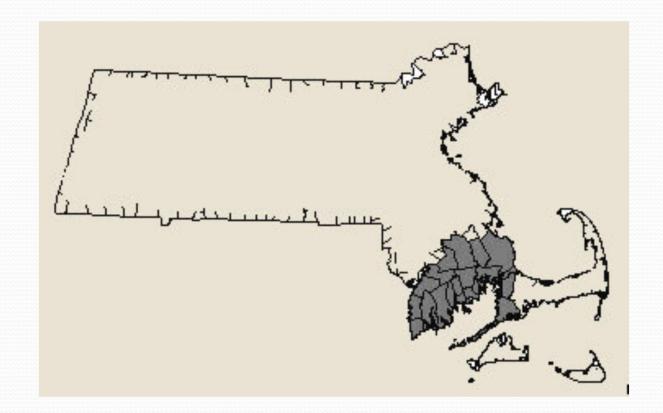
Baywatchers - Citizen's Water Quality Monitoring Program

Tony Williams
Director of Monitoring Programs



# Buzzards Bay

Located in southeastern Massachusetts

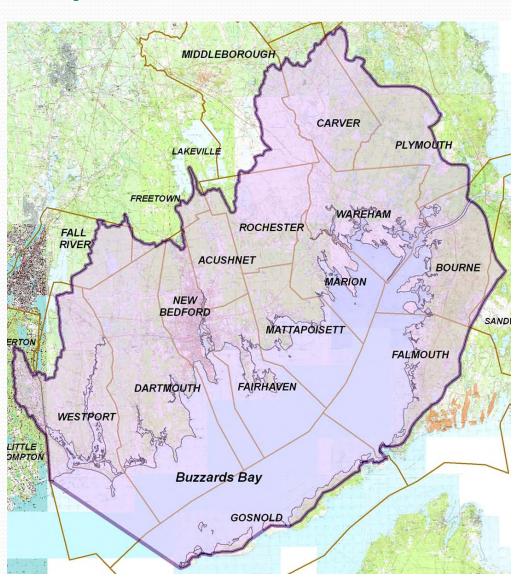




### **Buzzards Bay Estuary and Watershed**

- Contains all or parts of 17 towns.
- 50% undeveloped,
- 25% developed,
- 25% protected open space.
- Approx. 360,000 people reside in the watershed.





### The Buzzards Bay Coalition

### History

- 1985- Buzzards Bay designated by Congress as an estuary of national significance.
- Buzzards Bay National Estuary Program
- 1987 The Coalition for Buzzards Bay is created.





### The Buzzards Bay Coalition

We are a membersupported, non-profit organization dedicated to the restoration, protection and sustainable use and enjoyment of our irreplaceable Bay and its watershed.





### The Buzzards Bay Coalition

### History

- 1992 Baywatchers program created
- 1998 Bay Lands
   Center formed
- 2010 Education and Public Engagement department created.





- Citizen monitoring program initiated in 1992
- Operates at over 200 stations in 30 harbors & coves
- Has involved more than 800 volunteers

### Two key goals:

- Evaluate water quality and long term ecological health
- Educate citizens on local water quality and environmental management issues

- Coalition staff train ~130 volunteers to measure dissolved oxygen, temp, salinity, and water clarity and to collect nutrient samples
- Basic water quality testing performed every ~5 days in the summer months (June to Sept)
- Nutrient and algae samples collected 4 times a summer and analyzed by Marine Biological Laboratory in Woods Hole, MA
- Largest coastal monitoring effort in MA
- Methods approved by EPA and MA-DEP





- Provide regulators with critical info on water qualityinitiating 303(d) listing and TMDL reporting
- Track trends in nutrient pollution impacts in 30 major harbors
- Educate the community on Bay health and their impacts

 Give managers, students and researchers water quality data to guide restoration and protection and research on Bay and

habitats







Calibration of gear, equipment, people



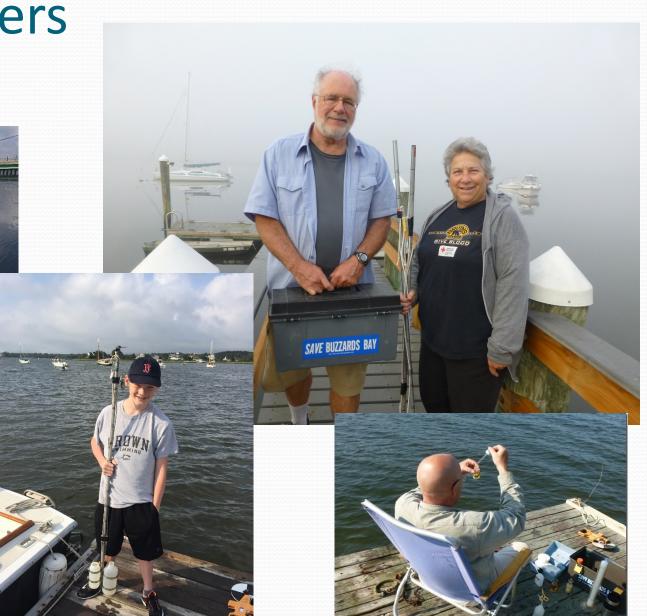




Citizen Scientist









#### Baywatchers

Buzzards Bay Citizens' Water Quality Monitoring Program

#### 2016 Volunteer Training Schedule

Training usually takes between 60-90 minutes for everyone to review sampling methods, calibrate equipment, answer questions and give out supplies (new test kit chemicals and data sheets). You can attend any session that is most convenient for you. If you cannot make any of these sessions, please call or email to arrange a time so we can get you all the supplies and review the sampling procedure.



Date	Time	Location	
Wednesday, May 11	9:00am	Westport River Watershed Alliance office (primarily for Westport River monitors)	
Tuesday, May 17	8:30am	Mattapoisett Town Pier	
Tuesday, May 17	5:oopm	Besse Park dock, Wareham River (Near Rt. 6 Bridge, Narrows)	
Wednesday, May 25	10:00am Lloyd Center for Environmental Studies,		
		S. Dartmouth	
Thursday, May 26	5:oopm	5:00pm West Falmouth Harbor, Town Dock, Dock Rd.	
Thursday, June 2	5:00pm	Buzzards Bay Center, 114 Front Street,	
		New Redford	

If you have your kit, please bring it so we can test it. Tony will be giving out kits, new chemicals, data sheets, tide charts, and the 2016 sampling schedule. All volunteers will perform a dissolved oxygen analysis and Tony will check equipment. It is important that everyone review the sampling techniques each year for our EPA and state-approved monitorine plan.

Looking forward to another great summer. Thanks again for your help. Contact:

Tony Williams, Director of Monitoring (508) 999-6363 ext. 203 williams@savebuzzardsbay.org www.savebuzzardsbay.org/Baywatchers

Discover your Buzzards Bay at www.savebuzzardsbay.org





#### **Baywatchers**

**Buzzards Bay Citizens' Water Quality Monitoring Program** 

#### 2016 Monitoring Schedule

Basic Parameters (Dissolved Oxygen, Temperature, Salinity, Water Clarity)

All samples must be taken between 6-9am. If you cannot sample on the given date, please sample one day before or one day after the given date.

Date

Tuesday, May 31 Monday, June 6

Saturday, June 11

Thursday, June 16 Wednesday, June 22

Wednesday, June 29

Tuesday, July 5

Tuesday, July 5 (Nutrient Sample Day, 11:00am-2:00)

Monday, July 11

Saturday, July 16 (Duplicate Sample Day – test two times)

Monday, July 18 (Nutrient Sample Day, 10:00-1:00)

Wednesday, July 20 Thursday, July 28 Monday, August 1 (Nutrient Sample Day, 9:30-12:30)

Wednesday, August 3 Tuesday, August 9

Monday, August 15 (Nutrient Sample Day,

8:30-11:30am)
Tuesday, August 16
Saturday, August 20
Thursday, August 25
Wednesday, August 31
Wednesday, September 7

Tuesday, September 13

Saturday, September 17 Tuesday, September 20

Saturday, September 24

\*If you cannot sample on a scheduled date or on the alternate date, please ask Tony or another volunteer to cover your site.

\*\*If you get an oxygen value below 3 mg/L or a really unusual number of drops counted, please resample and record it on your data sheet. Please notify us and try to re-sample the next morning to see if

\*\*\*If your thermometer and temps seem off, bring your thermometer in for us to recheck it.

#### Contact:

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- Bay Health Index measures the nutrient-related health water quality
- Developed using monitoring data collected through the Baywatchers program,
- Simplify results and provides a yearly snapshot of summertime conditions throughout the Bay.

- The Bay Health Index is the sum of five individual health scores: nitrogen (organic and inorganic), water clarity, dissolved oxygen, and algal pigments. Results are combined and reported as a score and a chart that indicates the overall health at that location.
- The Bay Health Index does not include bacteria and is not an index of swimmability or shellfish bed status.







### Calculating the Bay Health Index

Annual averages of 5 parameters are combined to produce a Bay Health Index score from 0 to 100:

Parameter	0 points	100 points
DO (lowest 20% of measurements)	40% sat	90% sat
Secchi disk depth	0.6 m	3 m
Chla + pheo	10 ug/L	3 ug/L
DIN	10 uM (0.14 ppm)	1 uM (0.014 ppm)
TON	43 uM (0.6 ppm)	20 uM (0.28 ppm)







### What does my Bay Health score mean?



#### Poor

There is too much nitrogen pollution in the water. Underwater habitats are unhealthy for fish and shellfish. The waterway is not functioning as a viable ecosystem.



#### Fair

These are transitional areas that are either improving or, more likely, becoming more polluted with nitrogen. The habitat health is damaged.



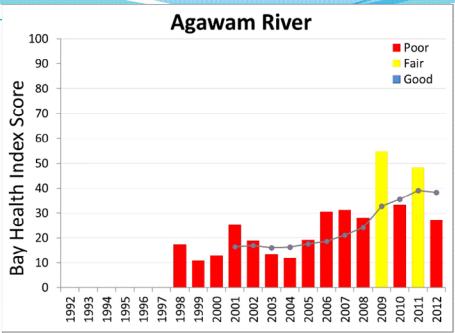
#### Good

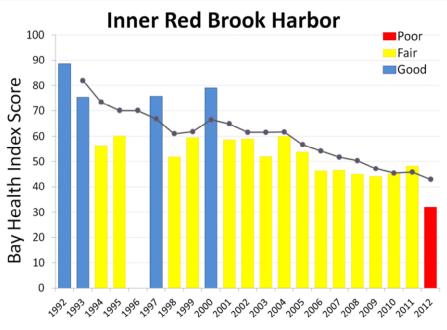
There is little or no nitrogen pollution in the water. The waterway offers healthy underwater habitats for fish and shellfish. Overall, the ecosystem is in balance.



 Baywatchers data captures changes in embayment health over time



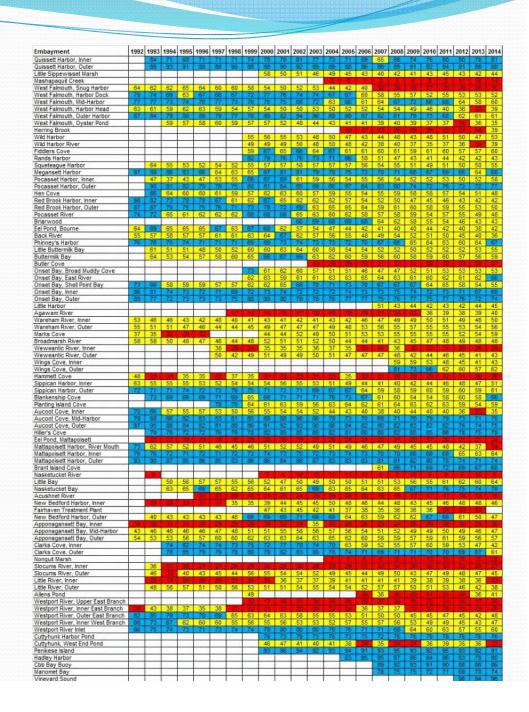




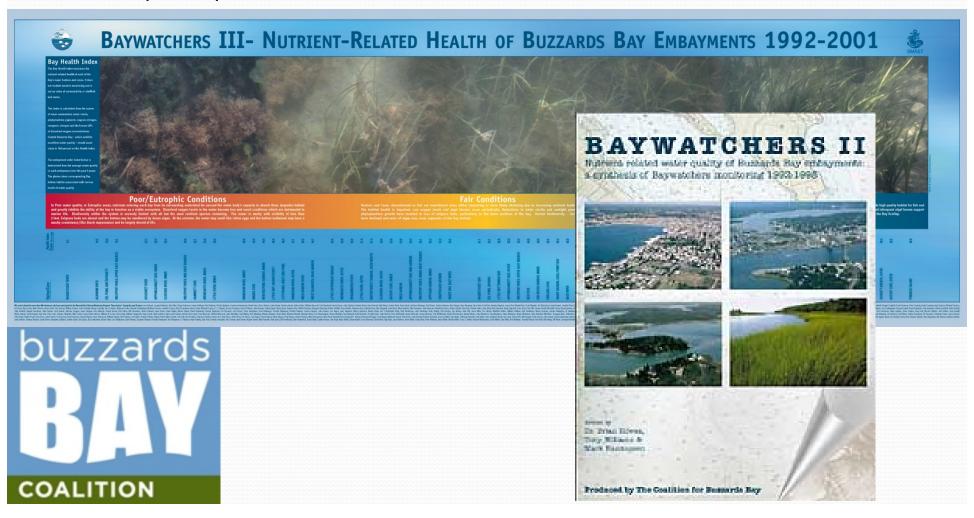
- Bay Health trends, changes over time
- Education
- Data to action
- Restoration
- Protection

 Changes in water quality health- 5yr avg. trends





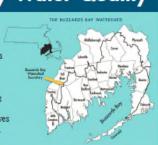
- Share results for understanding of current local water quality
- Reports, posters



Public signage

### **Buzzards Bay Water Quality**

Buzzards Bay remains one of the healthiest coastal ecosystems on the East Coast. But a major change is underway along its coastline which threatens the health of the Bay's nearshore harbors, coves and tidal rivers. Buzzards Bay's future is significantly threatened by increasing nitrogen pollution. Today, more than 1/2 of Buzzards Bay's harbors and coves are suffering from nitrogen pollution.



THE THREAT OF NITROGEN POLLUTION While nitrogen is a natural and essential part of all marine ecosystems, excess quantities reduce water quality and degrade marine habitat.

With increased nitrogen pollution, heavy algae growth blocks small-glar and reduces on year needed for healthy growth of manne species. As the health of the Bay declines, additional negative impacts are generated, such as musty waters, bad doors, and loss of manne plants and animals such as eelegrass and shellfish.

The principle sources of nitrogen in Burrards Bay include septic systems, wastewater treatment plant, stormwater runoff, lown and agricultural fertilizers, and acid rain—all coming from a growing population and increasing poorly-planned development throughout the Bay's watershed.

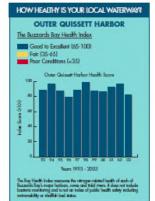
#### LET'S ALL REDUCE NITROGEN POLLUTION

- You can help improve the health of the Bay:
- . Reduce your own fertilizer use at home.
- Support town efforts to clean up pollution and manage new land development.
- Become a member of The Coalition for Buzzards Bay and set directly involved in Bay protection and restoration efforts.

THE COALITION FOR BUZZARDS BAY The Coalition for Buzzards Bay is a nonprofit, membership organization dedicated to the protectio and restoration of Buzzards Bay and its watershed.

If you would like to become a volunteer water quality monitor, learn more about Bay protection efforts, or to join The Coalinion for Buzzards Bay, with us on the web at

www.savebuzzardsbay.org









### How Healthy is Your **Local Waterway?**



#### What does this score mean?

The Successio Bay Coalition scores the health of Successio Bay's local waterways between 0 and 100. 100 represents printine water and 0 represents sweet polition. (The score does not measure for backeris, and does not indicate swim nability or shelffship bed health.)

To reach this score, the Cosition uses monitoring data collected through its avend-winning Staywetchers program. Signate date is a stay date in signature that program conducted with the Marine Slobigical Laboratory in Woods Mote. For one 20 years, valuation Signature and the health of our local water each surpress.

Baywatchers monitoring data forms the foundation of the Coalition's work to reduce polistics, increase conservation, and engage the community in protecting our local environment.

#### What is nitrogen poliution?

The Grywatchers program tracks the impact of nitrogen pollution, which is the greatest threat but health of wordstall writer. Nitrogen seeps from our applic systems, sewer plants, lawns, farms and south risks local waterways. Too mech introgen towns the water cloudy and marky, it littly selgitates and cholding fifth and whethirt but her love to est.

The Coalition strives to make sure everybody has clear water. You can help as by volunteering as a Skywatch and monitoring water quality in your community.



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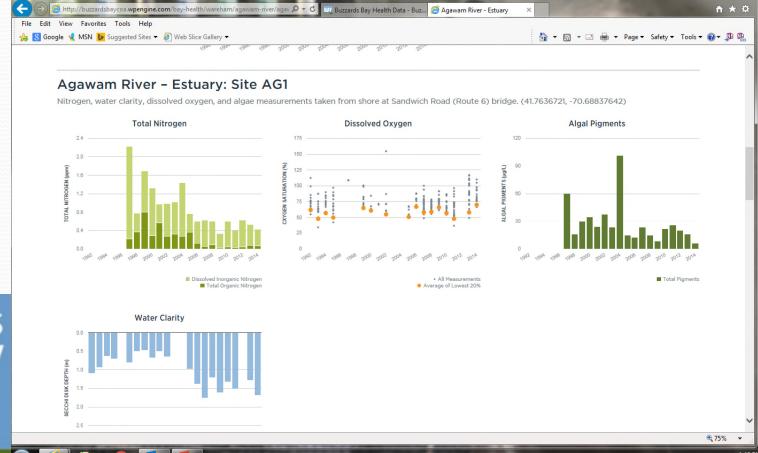
Web site



BAY

COALITION

Simple graphs

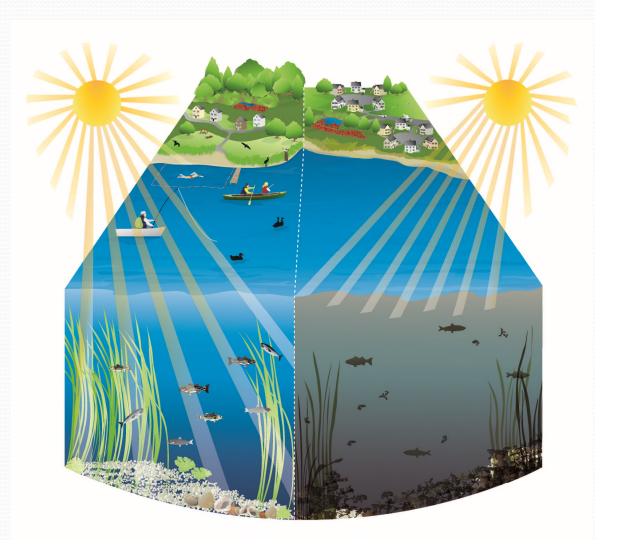




### Nitrogen – A Story of Excess

- Increase in algae blooms
- Decrease in water clarity
- Loss of underwater habitat – eelgrass
- Loss of dependentspecies bay scallops
- Drop in oxygen levels
- Fish kills





### Where does Nitrogen Come From?

Natural sources.

Atmospheric Deposition

 Fertilizer from agriculture and homes.

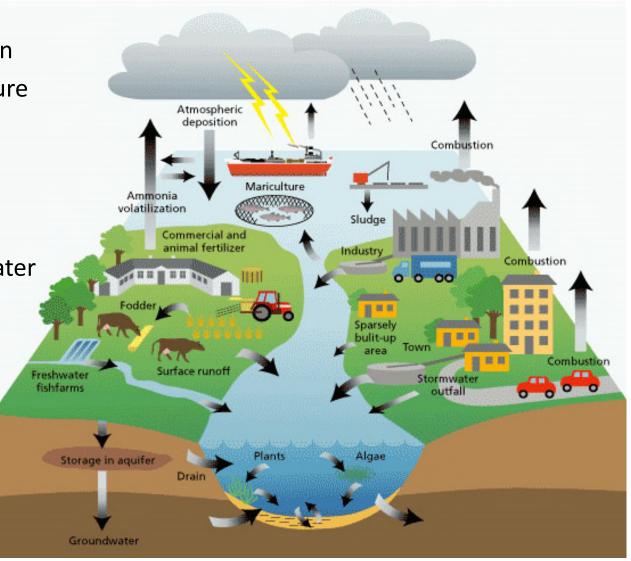
 Stormwater from impervious surfaces

Wastewater from:

 Centralized wastewater systems – sewers.

Septic systems





# The State Of Buzzards Bay

- Released every four years
- Uses nine indicators to measure Bay Health
- Progress in reducing bacteria and toxics is overwhelmed by the continuing nitrogen pollution problem.





### The State Of Buzzards Bay

### Coalition for-

- Science
- Conservation
- Restoration
- Advocacy
- Education





# The State Of Buzzards Bay

- Restoration
- Advocacy
- Education







### Baywatchers 24 Years and counting

- Baywatchers data captures changes from Nitrogen so we expect to see more algae (Chl) with more nitrogen, what about from temperature?
- Recent collaborations with Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, the Marine Biological Laboratory and the Buzzards Bay National Estuary Program to review Baywatchers 24 years data and relationship between warmer water and nitrogen pollution.





# Community Engagement & Education

- Establish a sense of connection to the Bay and its watershed
- Inspire an ethic of stewardship for the local area and involvement in its protection





### Questions?

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